

SDS(Safety Data Sheet)

Product	Techsol - 2836		
MSDS Number	List No.	Issuing date	Last revised date
정부제출유예 (2023-01-16)	AR0013	2008-07-25	2024-07-19

1. IDENTIFICATION

1) Product name

Techsol - 2836

2) Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

- Recommended use Others
기타
- Restrictions on use Do not use for any other purpose.

3) Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

○ Manufacturer

- Company name GS Caltex Corporation
- Address GS Tower, 508, Nonhyeon-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Emergency telephone number 1544-5151

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

1) Classification of the product

- ACUTE TOXICITY(Inhalation:Dust/mist) : Category 4
- SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION : Category 2
- CARCINOGENICITY : Category 1B
- ASPIRATION HAZARD : Category 1
- LONG-TERM HAZARDS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT : Category 2

2) Label elements

○ Hazard pictograms



○ Signal word

Danger

○ Hazard statements

- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H350 May cause cancer.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

○ Precautionary statements

1) Prevention

- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
- P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

2) Response

- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/cleansing agent.
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
- P321 Specific treatment (see section 5).
- P331 Do not induce vomiting.
- P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
- P391 Collect spillage.

3) Storage

- P405 Store locked up.

4) Disposal

- P501 Dispose of contents/container to

3) Other hazards

○ Product NFPA Level

(※ 0-Lack, 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3-High, 4-Very High)

Product name	Health	Flammable	Reaction
Techsol - 2836	2	2	0

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name	Trade names and Synonyms	CAS No.	EC No.	Contain Ratio(%)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle		64742-80-9	265-183-3	100

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

1) Eye contact

- In case of contact with substance, immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 20 minutes.
- If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

2) Skin contact

- In case of contact with substance, immediately flush skin with running water for at least 20 minutes.

- If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

3) Inhalation

- If exposed to excessive levels of dusts or fumes, remove to fresh air and get medical attention if cough or other symptoms develop.
- Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.
- Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.
- IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- Do not induce vomiting.

4) Ingestion

- Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.
- IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
- IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

5) Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Exposures require specialized first aid with contact and medical follow-up.
- Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

- 1) Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media**
- Use alcohol foam, carbon dioxide, or water spray when fighting fires involving this material.
 - Use dry sand or earth to smother fire.
 - High-pressure water (Unsuitable extinguishing media)
 - Direct water (Unsuitable extinguishing media)
- 2) Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**
- Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.
 - Heating may cause a fire or explosion.
- 3) Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters**
- Rescuers should put on appropriate protective gear.
 - In case of fire: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.
 - Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- 1) Health considerations and protective equipment**
- Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in Protective Equipment section.
 - ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).
 - Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

- Please note that materials and conditions to be avoided.

2) Environmental precautions

- Large spill: Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.
- Avoid release to the environment.

3) Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Absorb spill with inert material (e.g., dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container.
- Reduce airborne dust and prevent scattering by moistening with water.
- Absorb the liquid and scrub the area with detergent and water.
- Large Spill: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.
- Cover powder spill with plastic sheet or tarp to minimize spreading and keep powder dry.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

1) Precautions for safe handling

- Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because they may retain product residues.
- Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
- Avoid breathing vapors from heated material.
- Please note that materials and conditions to be avoided.
- Handling refer to engineering control/personal protection section.
- Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

2) Conditions for safe storage (including any incompatibilities)

- Please note that materials and conditions to be avoided.
- Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
- Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

1) Control parameters

Chemical name	Exposure limits	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	Biological limit values(BLV)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available

2) Appropriate engineering controls

- Install local exhaust ventilation system.
- Check legal suitability of exposure level.

3) Personal protection equipment

- **Respiratory protection** - If exposure concentration of the material is lower than 100 ppm of the permitted exposure standards, Wear a respiratory protective device, equipped with an adequate filter by considering physicochemical properties of exposed particulate material ; such
- If exposure concentration of the particle material is lower than 250 ppm of the permitted exposure standards, Wear a respiratory protective device, equipped with

an adequate filter by considering physicochemical properties of exposed particulate material

- If exposure concentration of the particle material is lower than 500 ppm of the permitted exposure standards, Wear a respiratory protective device, equipped with an adequate filter by considering physicochemical properties of exposed particulate materia
- If exposure concentration of the particle material is lower than 10000 ppm of the permitted exposure standards, Wear a respiratory protective device, equipped with an adequate filter by considering physicochemical properties of exposed particulate mater
- If exposure concentration of the material is lower than 100000 ppm of the permitted exposure standards, Wear a respiratory protective device, equipped with an adequate filter by considering physicochemical properties of exposed particulate material ; su
- If exposure concentration of the material exceeds the permitted exposure standards, Wear European Standard EN 149 approved full or half face piece (with goggles) respireatory protective equipment.

○ **Eye protection**

- An eye wash unit and safety shower station should be available nearby work place.
- Wear breathable safety goggles to protect from vapour state organic material causing eye irritation or other disorder.

○ **Hand protection**

- Wear appropriate protective gloves by considering physical and chemical properties of chemicals.

○ **Body protection**

- Wear appropriate protective clothing by considering physical and chemical properties of chemicals.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Item	Input Value
Apperance	Liquid
Color	No Data
Smell	Hydrocarbon odor
Smell Threshold	No Data
pH (Numerical value)	No Data
Melting/Freezing Point	-35 °C
Boilling Point	280 ~ 370 °C
Flash Point	150 °C
Evaporating Rate	No Data
Flammability(Solid, Gas)	No Data
Explosibility Range	0.9~2.5/ 6~16.1 %
Steam Pressure	0.003 mmHg (at 25°C)

Solubility	No Data
Vapor Density	>1
Specific Gravity	0.83~0.86
Distribution Coefficient	No Data
Selfignition Temperature	>210 °C
Pyrolysis Temperature	No Data
Viscosity	5.95 mm ² /s (at 40°C)
Molecular Weight	No Data

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- 1) Chemical Stability and hazardous reactivity** - Can form explosive mixtures at temperatures at or above the flashpoint.
- Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.
- 2) Conditions to avoid** - Ignition source(heat, spark, flame, friction, shock, contamination)
- 3) Incompatible materials** - Combustibles
- 4) Hazardous decomposition products** - During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

1) Information on the likely routes of exposures

Inhalation

- Harmful if inhaled.
- Absorbable through the inhalation

Skin contact

- Causes skin irritation.
- Absorbable through the skin

Eye contact

- Causes serious eye irritation.
- Possible exposure through the eye

Ingestion

- May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- Absorbable through the inhalation

2) Health hazard information

Acute toxicity

*** Oral - Not classified (ATEmix > 2000 mg/kg)**

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : rat(male/female); LD50 > 5000 mg/kg bw, no deaths (OECD TG 401, GLP) (ECHA)

*** Dermal - Not classified (ATEmix > 2000 mg/kg)**

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : rabbit(male/female); LD50 > 2000 mg/kg bw, no deaths

(OECD TG 402, GLP) (ECHA)

*** Inhalation(Gas) - Not applicable**

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not applicable

*** Inhalation(Vapour) - Not classified (ATEmix > 20 mg/L)**

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not available

*** Inhalation(Dust, mist) - Category 4 (ATEmix = 1.5 mg/L)**

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : rat(male/female); inhalation: aerosol; LC50 = 4.6 mg/L air /4h (OECD TG 403, GLP) (ECHA)

○ Skin corrosion/Irritation : Category 2 (SKIN IRRITATION Cat.2)

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : rabbit; irritating (OECD TG 404, GLP) (ECHA)

○ Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : rabbit; not irritating (OECD TG 405, GLP) (ECHA)

○ Respiratory sensitization : Not classified

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not available

○ Skin sensitization : Not classified

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : guinea pig; not sensitising (OECD TG 406, GLP) (ECHA)

○ Carcinogenicity : Category 1B

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : EU CLP 1272/2008: Carc. 1B(Note N: The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if the full refining history is known and it can be shown that the substance from which it is produced is not a carcinogen. This note applies only to certain complex oilderived substances in Part 3.)

○ Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : In vitro Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay : negative (OECD TG 471, GLP) (ECHA),
In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test : negative (OECD TG 476) (ECHA)
In vivo Mammalian Bone Marrow Chromosome Aberration Test : negative (OECD TG 475) (ECHA)

○ Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : rat(male/female); 165 (20%), 330 (40%) & 494 (60%) mg/kg/day; screening for reproductive / developmental toxicity;The test compound did not cause any reproductive or developmental toxicity. (OECD TG 421) (read across : 64742-81-0) (ECHA)

○ Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : oral; rat(male/female); Pharmacotoxic signs observed included hypoactivity, urine stained abdomen and oily looking hair. LD50 > 5000 mg/kg bw, no deaths (OECD TG 401, GLP) (ECHA)
dermal; rabbit(male/female); No visible lesions were reported. LD50 > 2000 mg/kg bw, no deaths (OECD TG 402, GLP) (ECHA)
inhalation; rat(male/female); A dose-related increase in macroscopic congestion of the lungs of treated animals was observed. LC50 = 4.6 mg/L air /4h (OECD TG 403, GLP) (ECHA)

○ **Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Not classified**

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : dermal; rat(male/female); 0, 8, 25, 125, and 500 and 1,250 mg/kg/day; 90 days; Resulted in reduction in body weight, reduction in thymus weights and an increase in liver weight. Severe erythema and edema was also reported. Histopathologic evaluation was limited to control animals and those dosed at 500 mg/kg/day. A NOEL was calculated as 25 mg/kg/day for males and 125 mg/kg/day for females. (OECD TG 411) (read across: 64741-59-9) (ECHA)
- inhalation; rat(male/female); 0, 0.35, 0.88, 1.71 mg/L; 13 weeks; Resulted in a conservative sub-chronic NOAEC of 0.88 mg/L determined for local effects on the lung (increased relative wet weight in the absence of histopathological change). A NOAEC of greater than or equal to 1.71 mg/L was established for systemic effects, based on no significant systemic findings at this level. (OECD TG 413) (read across: Diesel fuel) (ECHA)

○ **Aspiration hazard : Category 1**

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : $\geq 2 - 8.1 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$ (40°C) & hydrocarbons

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

1) Ecotoxicity

- Acute toxicity : Not classified (ATEmix > 1 mg/L)
- LONG-TERM HAZARDS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT : Category 2

○ **Acute (short-term) aquatic hazard:**

Fish

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : 96h-LL50(Oncorhynchus mykiss) = 21 mg/L (OECD TG 203, GLP)

Invertebrates

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : 48h-EL50(Daphnia magna) = 210 mg/L (OECD TG 202, GLP) (read across) (ECHA)

Aquatic algae

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : 72h-ErL50(Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) = 22 mg/L (OECD TG 201) (read across) (ECHA)

○ **Chronic (Long-term) aquatic hazard:**

Fish

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not available

Invertebrates

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not available

Aquatic algae

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : 72h-NOErL(Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) = 1 mg/L (OECD TG 201) (read across) (ECHA)

2) Persistence and degradability

○ **Persistence**

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : log Kow = 10.16 (estimated) (EPISUITE); not valid (over "-4 < log Kow < 8")

○ **Degradability**

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not available

3) Bioaccumulative potential

○ **Bioaccumulation**

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : BCF = 94.94 (estimated) (EPISUITE)

○ **Biodegradation**

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : 34.82% degradation after 28d; not readily biodegradable (EPA OTS 796.3100) (ECHA)

4) Mobility in soil

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Koc = 676800000 (EPISUITE)

5) Hazard to the ozone layer

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not applicable

6) Other adverse effects

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not classified

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

1) Disposal methods

- Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulation.

2) Special precaution for disposal

- Consider the required attentions in accordance with waste treatment management regulation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

1) UN No.

- Not applicable

2) Proper shipping name

- Not applicable

3) Transport hazard class(es)

- Not applicable

4) Packing group

- Not applicable

5) Marine pollutant

- applicable

6) Special safety response for transportation or transportation measure

- Types of Emergency Measures in Case of Fire : Not applicable

- Types of Emergency Measures in Leakage : Not applicable

- Transport regulations according to ADR/RID, AND, IMDG and ICAO/IATA : Not applicable

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EINECS(or ELINCS)

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : European EINECS phase-in substance

EU CLP (CLASSIFICATION) - PRODUCT : Not applicable

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not applicable

Substances restricted under REACH

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Substances restricted under REACH

Substances subject to authorization under REACH

REACH SVHC List

Korea

Occupational Safety and Health Act

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not applicable

K-REACH

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not applicable

Chemical Control Act in Korea

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not applicable

Safety Control of Dangerous Substances Act

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not applicable

U.S.A

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not applicable

CERCLA Designation of hazardous substances (40 CFR 302.4)

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not applicable

CERCLA Section 302 regulation

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not applicable

CERCLA Section 304 regulation

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not applicable

CERCLA Section 313 regulation

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not applicable

International Convention on Environment

Rotterdam Convention list

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not applicable

Stockholm Convention list

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not applicable

Montreal Protocol list

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not applicable

National Inventory

Korea

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not applicable

U.S.A

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : US TSCA phase-in substance

China

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : China phase-in substance

Japan

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle : Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

1) Reference

- Sources of information used in preparing this SDS included one or more of the following: Internal technical data, data from OECD eChemPortal, ECHA, NITE, TOXNET, IPCS and KOSHA search results.

2) Issue Date

- 2008-07-25

3) Revision number and Last date revised

Number of revised

- 5

Date of last revision

- 2021-07-28

Last Revision History

- 영문판 신규 Update

4) Other

- The information contained in the Safety Data Sheet is at the date of its issuance to the best of our knowledge correct according to the data available to us. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.