

SDS(Safety Data Sheet)

Product	Commercial Propane (LPG)		
MSDS Number	List No.	Issuing date	Last revised date
-	PD1026	2008-07-25	2024-01-17

1. IDENTIFICATION

1) Product name

Commercial Propane (LPG)

2) Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

- Recommended use Others
 기타
- Restrictions on use Do not use for any other purpose.

3) Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

○ Manufacturer

- Company name GS Caltex Corporation
- Address GS Tower, 508, Nonhyeon-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Emergency telephone number 1544-5151

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

1) Classification of the product

- FLAMMABLE GASES : Category 1
- GASES UNDER PRESSURE : Liqueied gas
- CARCINOGENICITY : Category 1A
- GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY : Category 1B

2) Label elements

○ Hazard pictograms



○ Signal word

Danger

○ Hazard statements

- H220 Extremely flammable gas.
- H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
- H340 May cause genetic defects.
- H350 May cause cancer.

○ Precautionary statements

1) Prevention

- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

2) Response

- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- P377 Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.
- P381 In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.

3) Storage

- P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.
- P405 Store locked up.
- P410 + P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

4) Disposal

- P501 Dispose of contents/container to

3) Other hazards

○ Product NFPA Level

(※ 0-Lack, 1-Low, 2-Moderate, 3-High, 4-Very High)

Product name	Health	Flammable	Reaction
Commercial Propane (LPG)	0	0	0

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name	Trade names and Synonyms	CAS No.	EC No.	Contain Ratio(%)
Petroleum gases, liquefied	Bottled gas ; Compressed petroleum gas ; Erdolgase, verflüssigt (german) (EINECS)	68476-85-7	270-704-2	100

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

1) Eye contact

- In case of contact with substance, immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 20 minutes.
- If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

2) Skin contact

- In case of contact with substance, immediately flush skin with running water for at least 20 minutes.
- If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do no rub affected area.

3) Inhalation

- Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.
- Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.
- IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

- IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

4) Ingestion

- Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.
- IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

5) Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Exposures require specialized first aid with contact and medical follow-up.
- Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

1) Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media - Use alcohol foam, carbon dioxide, or water spray when fighting fires involving this material.

- Use dry sand or earth to smother fire.
- Direct water (Unsuitable extinguishing media)

2) Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- May violently polymerize and result in fire and explosion.
- Will form explosive mixtures with air.
- May explode from heat, shock, friction or contamination.
- Some may burn but none ignite readily.
- Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.
- Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.
- Extremely flammable gas.
- Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
- Heating may cause a fire or explosion.

3) Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

- Rescuers should put on appropriate protective gear.
- Fire involving Tanks: Do not direct water at source of leak or safety devices; icing may occur.
- Fire involving Tanks: For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn.
- In case of fire: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.
- Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

1) Health considerations and protective equipment - Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in Protective Equipment section.

- Isolate hazard area.
- ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).
- All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.
- Allow substance to evaporate.
- Ventilate the contaminated area.
- Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate

protective clothing.

- Please note that materials and conditions to be avoided.

2) Environmental precautions

- Large spill: Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.
- Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems and confined areas.

3) Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Dike and collect water used to fight fire.
- Absorb spill with inert material (e.g., dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container.
- Absorb the liquid and scrub the area with detergent and water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

1) Precautions for safe handling

- Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition.
- Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because they may retain product residues.
- Avoid breathing vapors from heated material.
- All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.
- Please note that materials and conditions to be avoided.
- Handling refer to engineering control/personal protection section.
- Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

2) Conditions for safe storage (including any incompatibilities)

- Containers can build up pressure if exposed to heat (fire).
- Please note that materials and conditions to be avoided.
- Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
- Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

1) Control parameters

Chemical name	Exposure limits	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	Biological limit values(BLV)
Petroleum gases, liquefied	TWA : 1,000 ppm	Not available	PEL: 1000 ppm	Not available

2) Appropriate engineering controls

- Install local exhaust ventilation system.
- Check legal suitability of exposure level.

3) Personal protection equipment

- **Respiratory protection** - If exposure concentration of the material is lower than 100 ppm of the permitted exposure standards, Wear a respiratory protective device, equipped with an adequate filter by considering physicochemical properties of exposed particulate material ; such
- If exposure concentration of the paticle material is lower than 250 ppm of the

permitted exposure standards, Wear a respiratory protective device, equipped with an adequate filter by considering physicochemical properties of exposed particulate material

- If exposure concentration of the particle material is lower than 500 ppm of the permitted exposure standards, Wear a respiratory protective device, equipped with an adequate filter by considering physicochemical properties of exposed particulate materia
- If exposure concentration of the particle material is lower than 10000 ppm of the permitted exposure standards, Wear a respiratory protective device, equipped with an adequate filter by considering physicochemical properties of exposed particulate mater
- If exposure concentration of the material is lower than 100000 ppm of the permitted exposure standards, Wear a respiratory protective device, equipped with an adequate filter by considering physicochemical properties of exposed particulate material ; su
- If exposure concentration of the material exceeds the permitted exposure standards, Wear European Standard EN 149 approved full or half face piece (with goggles) respireatory protective equipment.

○ **Eye protection**

- An eye wash unit and safety shower station should be available nearby work place.
- Wear enclosed safety goggles to protect from gaseous state organic material causing eye irritation or other disorder.

○ **Hand protection**

- Wear appropriate protective gloves by considering physical and chemical properties of chemicals.

○ **Body protection**

- Wear appropriate protective clothing by considering physical and chemical properties of chemicals.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Item	Input Value
Apperance	Gas
Color	No Data
Smell	무취 (부취제를 넣어 냄새가 나게 하기도 함)
Smell Threshold	No Data
pH (Numerical value)	No Data
Melting/Freezing Point	-187.6 to -138.3 °C(ECHA) °C
Boilling Point	-48 ~ -1 °C
Flash Point	-73 °C
Evaporating Rate	No Data
Flammability(Solid, Gas)	인화성가스 고인화성 물질 (ECHA)
Explosibility Range	상한: 8.5% , 하한: 1.9%(NIOSH)

Steam Pressure	59.89 psi (20 °C)(ECHA)
Solubility	No Data
Vapor Density	증기상대밀도: 1.45 to 2.00 (Air = 1)(HSDB))
Specific Gravity	밀도: 0.57 g/cm ³ (25 °C)(ECHA)
Distribution Coefficient	log Kow = 1.09 (25 °C, pH 7)(ECHA)
Selfignition Temperature	364 °C
Pyrolysis Temperature	No Data
Viscosity	No Data
Molecular Weight	44~56 (C3H8/C3H6/C4H10/C4H8)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- 1) Chemical Stability and hazardous reactivity**
- May violently polymerize and result in fire and explosion.
 - Can form explosive mixtures at temperatures at or above the flashpoint.
 - May explode from heat, shock, friction or contamination.
 - Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.
- 2) Conditions to avoid**
- Ignition source(heat, spark, flame, friction, shock, contamination)
- 3) Incompatible materials**
- Combustibles
- 4) Hazardous decomposition products**
- During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

1) Information on the likely routes of exposures

- **Inhalation**
 - No inhalation effects through respiratory system.
- **Skin contact**
 - No effect on skin contact.
- **Eye contact**
 - No effect on eye contact.
- **Ingestion**
 - No ingestion effect through mouth.

2) Health hazard information

- **Acute toxicity**
 - * **Oral** - **Not classified (ATEmix > 2000 mg/kg)**
 - Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not applicable
 - * **Dermal** - **Not classified (ATEmix > 2000 mg/kg)**
 - Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not applicable
 - * **Inhalation(Gas)** - **Not classified (ATEmix > 20000 ppm)**

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : mouse(male); inhalation: gas; LC50 = 539600 ppm /2h (4 hour-exposure conversion : 381555 ppm /4h) (read across: A-46) ECHA)

*** Inhalation(Vapour) - Not applicable**

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not applicable

*** Inhalation(Dust, mist) - Not applicable**

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not applicable

○ Skin corrosion/Irritation : Not classified

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not available

○ Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not available

○ Respiratory sensitization : Not classified

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not available

○ Skin sensitization : Not classified

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not available

○ Carcinogenicity : Category 1A

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : EU CLP 1272/2008 : Carc. 1A (Note K : The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w 1,3- butadiene (EINECS No 203-450-8), S, U)

○ Germ cell mutagenicity : Category 1B

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : EU CLP 1272/2008 : Muta. 1B (Note K : Note K : The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w 1,3- butadiene (EINECS No 203-450-8), S, U)

In vitro Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay : negative (read across: Hydrocarbon propellant (containing 97.4 mole% isobutane)) (OECD TG 471) (ECHA)

In vivo Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test; negative (OECD TG 474, GLP) (ECHA)

○ Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : rat(male/female); inhalation; 0, 1000, 5000, 10000 ppm; Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study; No treatment-related effects on oestrous cycle in females or sperm count, motility or morphology in males at any exposure concentration. (OECD TG 413, GLP) (ECHA)

rat; 0, 1000, 5000, 10,000 ppm; Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study; The no observed adverse effect concentration (NOAEC) of liquified petroleum gas for maternal and developmental toxicity to rats was 10,000 ppm. (OECD TG 414, GLP) (ECHA)

○ Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not available

○ Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Not classified

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : inhalation; rat(male/female); 0, 1000, 5000, 10000 ppm; Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study; NOAEC(systemic toxicity)=10000 ppm (highest concentration tested) (OECD TG 413, GLP) (ECHA)

○ Aspiration hazard : Not classified

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

1) Ecotoxicity

- Acute toxicity : Not classified (ATEmix>1mg/L)
- Chronic toxicity : Not classified

Acute (short-term) aquatic hazard:

Fish

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : 96h-LC50 = 11.406 mg/l (ECOSAR: neutral organics QSAR) (estimated) (ECHA)

Invertebrates

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : 48h-LC50(Daphnid) = 6.971 mg/l (ECOSAR: neutral organics QSAR) (estimated) (ECHA)

Aquatic algae

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : 96h-EC50(Alage) = 7.039 mg/l (ECOSAR: neutral organics QSAR) (estimated) (ECHA)

Chronic (Long-term) aquatic hazard:

Fish

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not available

Invertebrates

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not available

Aquatic algae

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not available

2) Persistence and degradability

Persistence

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : log Kow = 1.81 (20 °C; pH:7) (ECHA)

Degradability

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : The half life of methane has been estimated to be 1908 days. (ECHA)

3) Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : BCF = 80.12 (estimated) (EPISUITE)

Biodegradation

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : 100 % degradation after 385.5 h; readily biodegradable (ECHA)

4) Mobility in soil

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Koc = 874.5 (EPISUITE)

5) Hazard to the ozone layer

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not applicable

6) Other adverse effects

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not classified

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

1) Disposal methods

- Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulation.

2) Special precaution for disposal

- Consider the required attentions in accordance with waste treatment management regulation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

1) UN No.

- 1075

2) Proper shipping name

- PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED

3) Transport hazard class(es)

- 2

4) Packing group

- Not applicable

5) Marine pollutant

-

6) Special safety response for transportation or transportation measure

- Types of Emergency Measures in Case of Fire : F-D
- Types of Emergency Measures in Leakage : S-U

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EINECS(or ELINCS)

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : European EINECS phase-in substance

EU CLP (CLASSIFICATION) - PRODUCT : Not applicable

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not applicable

Substances restricted under REACH

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Substances restricted under REACH

Substances subject to authorization under REACH

REACH SVHC List

Korea

Occupational Safety and Health Act

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Substance subject to occupational exposure limits, Substance subject to submission of process safety reports

K-REACH

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not applicable

Chemical Control Act in Korea

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not applicable

Safety Control of Dangerous Substances Act

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not applicable

U.S.A

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not applicable

CERCLA Designation of hazardous substances (40 CFR 302.4)

- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not applicable
- CERCLA Section 302 regulation**
- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not applicable
- CERCLA Section 304 regulation**
- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not applicable
- CERCLA Section 313 regulation**
- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not applicable

International Convention on Environment

- Rotterdam Convention list**
- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not applicable
- Stockholm Convention list**
- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not applicable
- Montreal Protocol list**
- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not applicable

National Inventory

- Korea**
- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Not applicable
- U.S.A**
- Petroleum gases, liquefied : US TSCA phase-in substance
- China**
- Petroleum gases, liquefied : China phase-in substance
- Japan**
- Petroleum gases, liquefied : Japan ENCS phase-in substance

16. OTHER INFORMATION

1) Reference

- Sources of information used in preparing this SDS included one or more of the following: Internal technical data, data from OECD eChemPortal, ECHA, NITE, TOXNET, IPCS and KOSHA search results.

2) Issue Date

- 2008-07-25

3) Revision number and Last date revised

Number of revised

- 4

Date of last revision

- 2024-01-11

Last Revision History

- Reviewed the hazards based on the latest notification and updated GHS database, but no change in hazard classification.

4) Other

- The information contained in the Safety Data Sheet is at the date of its issuance to the best of our knowledge correct according to the data available to us. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of

this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.